Cre Yule November 21 Cre Licha D Way 18 full November 29 [9] full O May 25 [8] third quarter December 7 [17] third quarter 1 June 1 (15) new December 14 [24] new | June 9 [23] Qule December 20 - winter solstice Middle Licha D June 17 Litha June 20 - summer solstice After Yule December 21 full December 29 191 full | June 23 [7] third quarter 1 January 5 [16] third quarter | July 1 [15] new January 12 [23] new July 9 [23] After Litha 1 July 16 ~ Spring ~ full | July 23 [8] Hearth Cake Conth January 20 third quarter 1 July 30 [15] full | January 28 [9] Lughnasadh August 6 - aurumn begins Imbolc February 2 - spring begins new August 7 [23] third quarter February 4 [16] new February 11 [23] ~ Aurumn ~ Rheda Conth February 19 Weed Month Daugust 14 full O August 21 (8) full February 26 181 Third quarter 1 August 29 [16] third quarter 1 March 5 [15] new • Warch 12 [22] new September 6 [24] Oscara (March 19 - vernal equinox Holy COonth September 13 full September 20 181 Caster Conth 1 Warch 20 full O March 28 [9] CDabon September 22 – autumnal equinox Third quarter April 3 [15] third quarter • September 28 [16] new Npril 11 [23] new October 5 [23] Winter Full October 12 ~ Summer ~ full October 19 [8] Three Wilkings April 19 third quarter October 28 [17] full \(\lambda\) pril 26 [8] new November 4 [24] third quarter 1 May 3 [15] Samhain November 6 - winter begins Beltane May 4 - summer begins new • May 10 [22] ~ Winter ~ Blood Conth November 10 full November 18 [9] third quarter November 26 [17] new December 3 [24]

The Old English calendar is a superposition of solar events and lunar months. The year begins with Yule (the winter solstice).

The months begin with the first quarter moon and the days begin at sunset.

The dates are based on the day that begins at sunset in Greenwich, England.

The numbers in brackers are the days of the month.

For more information, please visit

Russellcottrell.com/blog/lunisolarCalendar.htm.

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