## & An Old English Calendar for 2020 &

Cre Uule December 3 Cre Licha D May 29 full December 11 [9] full | June 4 [7] third quarter December 18 [16] third quarter 1 June 12 [15] Qule December 21 - winter solstice Litha June 20 – summer solstice new December 25 [23] new | June 20 [23] After Yule 1 January 2 After Litha | June 27 full | January 10 [9] full | July 4 [8] third quarter 1 January 16 [15] third quarter 1 July 12 [16] new January 24 [23] new July 19 [23] ~ Aucumn ~ ~ Spring ~ Weed Conth 1 July 26 Hearth Cake Conth February 1 full \ August 2 (8) Imbolc February 3 - spring begins Lughnasadh August 6 - autumn begins full February 8 [8] third quarter 1 August 10 [16] third quarter • February 15 [15] new \ \august 18 [24] new February 22 [22] Rheda CDonch O CDarch 2 Holy Conth 1 August 24 full O March 8 [7] full September 1 [9] third quarter 1 March 15 [14] third quarter ( September 9 [17] new September 16 [24] Ostara March 19 - vernal equinox new • CDarch 23 [22] CDabon September 21 - autumnal equinox Caster Worth O Warch 31 Winter Full September 23 full | April 7 [8] full October 1 [9] chird quarter April 14 [15] chird quarter October 9 [17] new • April 22 [23] new October 16 [24] ~ Summer ~ ~ Winter ~ Blood Conth October 22 Three Wilkings April 30 Beltane May 4 - summer begins full October 30 [9] Samhain November 6 - winter begins full O May 6 [7] third quarter November 7 [17] third quarter 1 May 13 [14] new Oay 21 [22] new November 14 [24]



The Old English calendar is a superposition of solar events and lunar months. The year begins with Yule (the winter solstice).

The months begin with the first quarter moon and the days begin at sunset.

The dates are based on the day that begins at sunset in Greenwich, England.

The numbers in brackers are the days of the month.

For more information, please visit

Russellcottrell.com/blog/lunisolarCalendar.htm.

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